## Constitution Rules

## Introductory rules

## 1. Name

The name of the RVResidents is The Retirement Village Residents' Association of New Zealand Incorporated (in these Rules referred to as the 'RVResidents')

The executive may from time to time determine an appropriate acronym for use as an abbreviation of the Association's name, currently "RVResidents" but sometimes referred to as "RVR" which acronym should be discouraged.

## 2. Charitable status

The RVResidents is already registered as a charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005.

## 3. Definitions

In these Rules, words have the meaning set down in the Act. If a term is not defined in the Act, then that term has the meaning given to it in the Incorporated Societies Act 2022. In all other instances, unless the context requires otherwise, the following words and phrases have the following meanings:
'Act' means the Incorporated Societies Act 2022 or any Act which replaces it (including amendments to it from time to time), and any regulations made under the Act or under any Act which replaces it.
'Annual General Meeting' means a meeting of the Members of the RVResidents held once per year which, among other things, will receive and consider reports on the RVResidents' activities and finances.
'President' means the Executive Member responsible for, among other things, overseeing the governance and operations of the RVResidents and chairing General Meetings.
'Chief Executive' means a person duly appointed in that role.
'Executive' means the RVResidents' governing body. The 'Executive' may nominate up to 3 (three) of its members as a Management Team that may conduct and take urgent business decisions during the periods between regular Executive meetings. Any actions of the Management Team shall be ratified at the next full Executive meeting.
'Executive Member' means a member of the Executive, including the President.
'Vice President' means the Executive Member elected or appointed to deputize in the absence of the Chair/President.
'Financial Member' is a 'Member' who is up to Date with subscriptions.
'General Meeting' means either an Annual General Meeting or a Special General Meeting of the RVResidents.
'Interested Member' means a member who is interested in a matter for any of the reasons set out in section 62 of the Incorporated Societies Act 2022.
'Interests Register' means the register of interests of Officers, including Executive Members, kept under these Rules.

## 'Matter' means-

a. the RVResidents' performance of its activities or exercise of its powers; or
b. an arrangement, agreement, or contract (a transaction) made or entered into, or proposed to be entered into, by the RVResidents.
'Member' means a person properly admitted to the RVResidents who has not ceased to be a member of the RVResidents.
'Notice' to Members includes any notice given by post, courier or email; and the failure for any reason of any Member to receive such Notice or information shall not invalidate any meeting or its proceedings or any election.
'Register of Members' means the register of Members kept by the Registrar under these Rules.
'Registrar' means the person appointed by the Executive and shall keep a Membership Register of Members recording their details as provided herein after (including the retirement village in which the Member resides), and such other details as they deem necessary. The ClubHub system or any other appropriate system shall be used for this purpose.
'Rules' means the rules in this document.
'Secretary', means the person responsible for arranging all meetings and recording the minutes of General Meetings and Executive meetings and appointed by the Executive.
'Special General Meeting' means a meeting of the Members, other than an Annual General Meeting, called for a specific purpose or purposes and appointed by the Executive.
'Treasurer' means the person responsible for, among other things, overseeing the finances of the RVResidents.
'Working Days' means as defined in the Legislation Act 2019. Examples of days that are not Working Days include, a Saturday, a Sunday and any day observed as a Public Holiday.

## 4. Purposes

The RVResidents is established and maintained exclusively for charitable purposes (including any purposes ancillary to those charitable purposes), namely:
a. benefit the community by advancing the rights and obligations of Retirement Village Residents
b. Any income, benefit, or advantage must be used to advance the charitable purposes of the RVResidents.
No Interested Member is allowed to take part in, or influence any decision made by the RVResidents in respect of payments to, or on behalf of, the Interested Member of any income, benefit, or advantage.

Any payments made to an Interested Member must be for goods and services that advance the charitable purpose and must be reasonable and comparable to payments that would be made between unrelated parties.

## 5. Act and Regulations

Nothing in this Constitution authorises the RVResidents to do anything which contravenes or is inconsistent with the Act, any regulations made under the Act, or any other legislation.

## 6. Registered office

The Registered Office of the RVResidents shall be at such place in New Zealand as the Executive from time to time determines, and changes to the Registered Office shall immediately be notified to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies in a form and as required by the Act.

## 7. Power to borrow money

The RVResidents has the power to borrow money.

## 8. Other powers

### 8.1. Establishing Regional Committees and Groups

a. The Executive has the power to divide the country into regions to facilitate operational management, better communication, and administration of RVResidents.
b. Regions shall operate according to the regional rules approved by the Executive and which may be amended by the Executive from time to time.

### 8.2. In addition to its statutory powers

RVResidents may (subject to exercising the care and skill that a prudent person of business would exercise in managing the affairs of others) for the purposes of carrying on any operation within the scope of its objects:
a. use its funds to pay the costs and expenses to advance or carry out its objects,
b. employ or contract with such people as may be appropriate, and
c. invest in any investment.

## 9. Members

### 9.1. Minimum number of members

The RVResidents shall maintain the minimum number of Members required by the Act.

### 9.2. Types of members

The classes of membership and the method by which Members are admitted to different classes of membership are as follows:
a. Member: A Member is an individual who must be a resident of a registered Retirement Village admitted to membership under these Rules and who or which has not ceased to be a Member. Members who have joined for a five-year membership who shall be known as 'Silver Members' or a ten-year membership who shall be known as 'Platinum Members'
b. Life Member is a person honoured for highly valued services to the RVResidents elected as a Life Member by resolution of a General Meeting passed by a simple majority of those Members present and voting. A Life Member shall have all the rights and privileges of a Member and shall be subject to all the same duties as a Member except those of paying contributions.
c. Honorary Member: An Honorary Member is a person honoured for services to the RVResidents or in an associated field elected as an Honorary Member by resolution of a General Meeting passed by a simple majority of those present and voting. An Honorary Member has no membership rights, privileges, or duties.
d. An Associate Member is a person who is not an existing resident in a retirement village but wishes to participate as a member by paying the Associate Member applicable annual subscription but shall only be entitled to all general information disseminated by the Association but no voting rights.
e. Other Classes. The Executive may from time to time approve any other class of membership including group membership.

### 9.3. Becoming a member: consent

Every applicant for membership must consent to becoming a Member.

### 9.4. Becoming a member: process

An applicant for membership may submit a signed application form or apply on-line by ticking the consent box and supplying any information, as may be reasonably required by the Executive regarding an application for membership.

The Executive may accept or decline an application for membership. The Executive must advise the applicant of its decision (but is not required to provide reasons for that decision).

### 9.5. Obligations and rights

Every Member shall provide the RVResidents with that Member's name and contact details (including postal address, telephone number(s), and any email address) and promptly advise the RVResidents of any changes to those details.

Membership does not confer on any Member any right, title, or interest (legal or equitable) in the property of the RVResidents.

### 9.6. Other obligations and rights

a. All Members (including Executive Members) shall promote the interests and purposes of the RVResidents and shall do nothing to bring the RVResidents into disrepute.
b. A Member is only entitled to exercise the rights of membership (including attending and voting at General Meetings, accessing or using the RVResidents' premises, facilities, equipment and other property) if all contributions and any other fees have been paid to the RVResidents by their respective due dates, but no Member or Life Member is liable for an obligation of the RVResidents by reason only of being a Member.
c. The Executive may decide what access or use Members may have of or to any premises, facilities, equipment or other property owned, occupied or otherwise used by the RVResidents, including any conditions of and fees for such access or use.

### 9.7. Contributions and fees

a. The annual contribution and any other fees for membership from time to time, shall be set by resolution of the Executive (at which it may also be decided whether payment can be made by periodic instalments).
b. A Members' renewal date will run for twelve (12) months from the joining date which shall be known as the anniversary date. A Member failing to pay the annual subscription (including any periodic payment), any levy, or any capitation fees, within Three (3) calendar month(s) of the date the same was due for payment shall be considered as un-financial and shall (without being released from the obligation of payment) have no membership rights and shall not be entitled to participate in any RVResidents activity or to access or use the RVResidents' premises, facilities, equipment and other property until all the arrears are paid.
c. If such arrears are not paid within four (4) calendar months of the due date for payment of the subscription, any other fees, or levy the Executive may terminate the Member's membership (without being required to give prior notice to that Member).

### 9.8. Ceasing to be a member

A Member ceases to be a Member:
a. on death (or if a body corporate on liquidation or deregistration, or if a partnership on dissolution of the partnership), or
b. by resignation from that Member's class of membership by notice to the registrar, or
c. on termination of a Member's membership under these Rules with effect from (as applicable):
i. the date of death of the Member (or if a body corporate from the date of its liquidation or deregistration, or if a partnership from the date of its dissolution), or
ii. the date of receipt of the notice of resignation by the Secretary or Registrar (or any subsequent date stated in the notice of resignation), or
iii. the date of termination of membership under these Rules, or
iv. the date specified in a resolution of the Executive.

### 9.9. Obligations on resignation

A Member who resigns or whose membership is terminated under these Rules:
a. remains liable to pay all contributions and other fees to the RVResidents up to the next balance date
b. shall cease to hold himself or herself out as a Member of the RVResidents, and
c. shall return to the RVResidents all material provided to Members by the RVResidents (including any membership certificate, badges, handbooks and manuals).
d. shall cease to be entitled to any of the rights of a RVResidents Member.

### 9.10. Becoming a member again

Any former Member may apply for re-admission in the manner prescribed for new applicants and may be re-admitted only by resolution of the Executive.

However, if a former Member's membership was terminated following a dispute resolution process, the applicant may be re-admitted only by a General Meeting on the recommendation of the Executive.

## 10.General meetings

### 10.1. Annual General Meetings

An Annual General Meeting shall be held once a year on a date determined by the Executive and consistent with any requirements in the Act, and the Rules relating to the procedure to be followed at General Meetings shall apply.

### 10.2. Annual General Meetings: business

The business of an Annual General Meeting shall be to:
a. confirm the minutes of previous RVResidents Meeting(s),
b. adopt the annual reports on RVResidents business,
c. adopt the Treasurer's report on the finances of the RVResidents, and the annual financial statements,
d. elect the new Executive,
e. consider any motions,
f. consider any general business.

The Executive must, at each Annual General Meeting, present the following information:
a. an annual report on the affairs of the RVResidents during the most recently completed accounting period,
b. the annual financial statements for that period, and
c. notice of any disclosures of conflicts of interest made by Executive Members during that period (including a brief summary of the matters, or types of matters, to which those disclosures relate).

### 10.3. Special General Meetings

Special General Meetings may be called at any time by the Executive by resolution. The Executive must call a Special General Meeting if the Secretary receives a written request signed by at least 20 Members. Such a request may be sent by way of an email. Any resolution or written request must state the business that the Special General Meeting is to deal with.

The Rules relating to the procedure to be followed at General Meetings shall apply to a Special General Meeting, and a Special General Meeting shall only consider and deal with the business specified in the Executive's resolution or the written request by Members for the Meeting.
10.4. Procedure

The Executive shall give all Members at least Twenty-one (21) Working Days' Notice of any General Meeting and of the business to be conducted at that General Meeting.

The General Meeting and its business will not be invalidated simply because one or more Members did not receive the Notice of the General Meeting.

All financial Members may attend, speak, and vote at General Meetings:
a. in person, or
b. by a signed original written proxy (an email or copy will be acceptable) in favour of some individual entitled to be present at the meeting and received by, or handed to, or emailed a copy to the Secretary before the commencement of the General Meeting, or
c. through the authorised representative of a body corporate as notified to the Secretary, and
d. No other proxy voting shall be permitted.

No General Meeting may be held unless at least 20 eligible financial Members attend. This will constitute a quorum.

If, within half an hour after the time appointed for a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting - if convened upon request of Members - shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to a day, time and place determined by the Chair/President of the RVResidents, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present those present in person or by proxy shall be deemed to constitute a sufficient quorum. Any decisions made when a quorum is not present are not valid.
a. General Meetings may be held in a face-to-face manner at a venue elected by the Executive or at one or more venues using any real-time audio, audio and visual, or electronic communication that gives each member a reasonable opportunity to participate.
b. All General Meetings shall be chaired by the President. If the President is absent, the meeting shall elect another Executive Member to chair that meeting.
c. Any person chairing a General Meeting has a deliberative and, in the event of a tied vote, a casting vote.
d. Any person chairing a General Meeting may:
i. With the consent of the General Meeting adjourn the General Meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
ii. Direct that any person not entitled to be present at the Meeting, obstructing the business of the Meeting, behaving in a disorderly manner, being abusive, or failing to abide by the directions of the chairperson be removed from the Meeting, and
iii. In the absence of a quorum or in the case of emergency, adjourn the Meeting or declare it closed.
e. The Executive may put forward motions for the RVResidents to vote on ('Executive Motions'), which shall be notified to Members with the notice of the General Meeting.
f. Any Member may request that a motion be voted on ('Member's Motion') at a General Meeting, by giving notice to the Secretary at least ten (10) Working Days before that meeting. The Member may also provide information in support of the motion ('Member's Information').

### 10.5. Voting procedure

Voting required for any General Meeting held by way of using any real-time audio, audio and visual, or electronic communication, shall be carried out by way of an on-line method determined by the Executive from time to time and shall be done within fourteen (14) working days before the meeting date.

### 10.6. Minutes

Minutes must be kept by the Secretary of all General Meetings.

## 11.Executive

### 11.1. Composition

The Executive will consist of no more than six (6) Executive Members who are:
a. Members, including no more than two Associate Members; and
b. natural persons; and
c. not disqualified by these Rules or the Act

When Associate Members are elected on the Executive, they shall have the same voting power as other Executive Members.

The Chairperson shall have a casting vote if there is an equality of votes.

The Executive will include:
a. a President,
b. a Vice President or upon a special request by the Executive, then two may be elected,
c. not fewer than two (2) or more than three (3) other Executive Members

### 11.2. Qualifications

Prior to election or appointment, every Executive Member must consent in writing to be an Executive Member and certify in writing that they are not disqualified from being appointed or holding office as an Executive Member by these Rules or the Act.

The following persons are disqualified from being appointed or holding office as an Executive Member:
a. a person who is under 16 years of age,
b. a person who is an undischarged bankrupt,
c. a person who is prohibited from being a director or promoter of, or being concerned or taking part in the management of, an incorporated or unincorporated body under the Companies Act 1993, the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013, or the Takeovers Act 1993,
d. a person who is disqualified from being a member of the Executive of a charitable entity under section 31(4)(b) of the Charities Act 2005,
e. a person who has been convicted of any of the following, and has been sentenced for the offence, within the last 7 years:
i. an offence under subpart 6 of Part 4, of the Act
ii. a crime involving dishonesty (within the meaning of section 2(1) of the Crimes Act 1961),
iii. an offence under section 143B of the Tax Administration Act 1994,
iv. an offence, in a country other than New Zealand, that is substantially similar to an offence specified in subparagraphs (i) to (iii),
v. a money laundering offence or an offence relating to the financing of terrorism, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere.
f. a person subject to:
i. an order under section 108 of the Credit Contracts and Consumer Finance Act 2003, or
ii. a forfeiture order under the Criminal Proceeds (Recovery) Act 2009; or
iii. a property order made under the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988, or whose property is managed by a trustee corporation under section 32 of that Act.
g. a person who is otherwise disqualified from being a member of the Executive of a charitable entity under section 16 of the Charities Act 2005.

### 11.3. Election or appointment

The election of Executive Members shall be conducted as follows;
a. Executive Members shall be elected during Annual General Meetings arranged in accordance with the procedure set out under rule 10.4 However, if a vacancy in the position of any Executive Member occurs between Annual General Meetings, that vacancy shall be filled by resolution of the Executive (and any such appointee must, before appointment, supply a signed consent to appointment and a certificate that the nominee is not disqualified from being appointed or holding office as an Executive Member by these Rules or the Act).
b. A candidate's written nomination, accompanied by the written consent of the nominee (who must be a financial member) with a certificate that the nominee is not disqualified from being appointed or holding office as an Executive Member by these Rules or the Act, shall be received by the Secretary at least fourteen (14) Working Days before the date of the Annual General Meeting. If there are insufficient valid nominations received, further nominations may be received from the floor at the Annual General Meeting.
c. Votes shall be cast in such a manner as the person chairing the Meeting determines. In the event of any vote being tied, the tie shall be resolved by the incoming Executive (excluding those in respect of whom the votes are tied).
d. Two Members (who are not nominees) appointed by the President shall act as scrutineers for the counting of the votes whether on-line or not and destruction of any voting papers and confirm the result.
e. The failure for any reason of any financial Member to receive such Notice shall not invalidate the election.

### 11.4. Term

The term of office for all Executive Members shall be one (1) year, expiring at the end of the Annual General Meeting the year corresponding with the last year of each Executive Member's term of office.

A President shall preferably not serve for more than three (3) consecutive years as President.
No time limits are set for other Executive Members.

### 11.5. Removal

Where a complaint is made about the actions or inaction of an Executive Member (and not in the Executive Member's capacity as a Member of the RVResidents) the following steps shall be taken:
a. The Executive Member who is the subject of the complaint, must be advised of all details of the complaint.
b. The Executive Member who is the subject of the complaint, must be given adequate time to prepare a response.
c. The complainant and the Executive Member who is the subject of the complaint, must be given an adequate opportunity to be heard, either in writing or at an oral hearing by the Executive (excluding the Executive Member who is the subject of the complaint) if it considers that an oral hearing is required.
d. Any oral hearing shall be held by the Executive (excluding the Executive Member who is the subject of the complaint), and/or any oral or written statement or submissions shall be considered by the Executive (excluding the Executive Member who is the subject of the complaint).
If the complaint is upheld the Executive Member may be removed from the Executive by a resolution of the Executive or of a General Meeting, in either case passed by a two-thirds majority of those present and voting.

### 11.6. Cessation of Executive membership

An Executive Member shall be deemed to have ceased to be an Executive Member if that person ceases to be a Member or Associate Member.

Each Executive Member shall within fourteen (14) Working Days of submitting a resignation or ceasing to hold office, deliver to the Secretary all books, papers, and other property of the RVResidents held by such former Executive Member.

## 12. Executive Functions

From the end of each Annual General Meeting until the end of the next, the RVResidents shall be governed by the Executive, which shall be accountable to the Members for the advancement of the RVResidents' purposes and the implementation of resolutions approved by any General Meeting.

### 12.1. Officers' duties

At all times each Executive Member:
a. shall act in good faith and in what he or she believes to be the best interests of the RVResidents,
b. must exercise all powers for a proper purpose,
c. must not act, or agree to the RVResidents acting, in a manner that contravenes the Act or these Rules,
d. when exercising powers or performing duties as an Executive Member, must exercise the care and diligence that a reasonable person with the same responsibilities would exercise in the same circumstances taking into account, but without limitation, the nature of the RVResidents, the nature of the decision, the position of the Executive Member and the nature of the responsibilities undertaken by him or her,
e. must not agree to the activities of the RVResidents being carried on in a manner likely to create a substantial risk of serious loss to the RVResidents or to the RVResidents' creditors, or cause or allow the activities of the RVResidents to be carried on in a manner likely to create a substantial risk of serious loss to the RVResidents or to the RVResidents' creditors, and
f. must not agree to the RVResidents incurring an obligation unless he or she believes at that time on reasonable grounds that the RVResidents will be able to perform the obligation when it is required to do so.

### 12.2. Powers

Subject to these Rules and any resolution of any General Meeting the Executive may:
a. exercise all the RVResidents' powers, other than those required by the Act or by these Rules to be exercised by the RVResidents in General Meeting, and
b. enter into contracts on behalf of the RVResidents or delegate such power to an Executive Member, sub-Executive, employee, or other person.

### 12.3. Sub-Executives/ Teams

The Executive may appoint sub-Executives consisting of such persons (whether or not Members of the RVResidents) and for such purposes as it thinks fit. Unless otherwise resolved by the Executive:
a. the quorum of every sub-Executive is half the members of the sub-Executive but not less than two (2),
b. no sub-Executive shall have power to co-opt additional members,
c. a sub-Executive must not commit the RVResidents to any financial expenditure without express authority, and
d. a sub-Executive must not further delegate any of its powers,
e. Sub-Executives shall keep proper minutes of meetings and publish to the Executive
f. Sub-Executives shall be referred to as Teams e.g. Financial Team.

### 12.4. General issues

The Executive and any sub-Executive may act by resolution approved in the course of a conference call using audio and/or audio-visual technology or through a written ballot conducted by email, electronic voting system, or post, and any such resolution shall be recorded in the minutes of the next Executive meeting.

Other than as prescribed by the Act or these Rules, the Executive or any sub-Executive may regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit.

Subject to the Act, these Rules and the resolutions of General Meetings, the decisions of the Executive on the interpretation of these Rules and all matters dealt with by it in accordance with these Rules and on matters not provided for in these Rules shall be final and binding on all Members.

### 12.5. Conflicts of interest

An Officer or a member of the Executive and/or member of a sub-Executive who is an Interested Member in respect of any matter being considered by the RVResidents, must disclose details of the nature and extent of the interest (including any monetary value of the interest if it can be quantified):
a. to the Executive and or sub-Executive; and
b. in an Interests Register kept by the Executive.

Disclosure must be made as soon as practicable after the member of the Executive and/or subExecutive becomes aware that they are interested in the matter.

A member of the Executive and/or sub-Executive who is an Interested Member regarding a matter:
a. must not vote or take part in the decision of the Executive and/or sub-Executive relating to the matter; and
b. must not sign any document relating to the entry into a transaction or the initiation of the matter; but
c. may take part in any discussion of the Executive and/or sub-Executive relating to the matter and be present at the time of the decision of the Executive and/or sub-Executive (unless the Executive and/or sub-Executive decides otherwise).
However, a member of the Executive and/or sub-Executive who is prevented from voting on a matter may still be counted for the purpose of determining whether there is a quorum at any meeting at which the matter is considered.

Where fifty (50) per cent or more of Executive Members are prevented from voting on a matter because they are interested in that matter, a Special General Meeting must be called to consider and determine the matter, unless all non-interested members agree otherwise, and where fifty (50) per cent or more of the members of a sub-Executive are prevented from voting on a matter because they are interested in that matter, the Executive shall consider and determine the matter.

## 13. Executive meetings

### 13.1. Frequency

The Executive shall meet at least quarterly at such times and places and in such manner (including by audio, audio and visual, or electronic communication) as it may determine and otherwise where and as convened by the President or Chief Executive Officer or Secretary.

### 13.2. Procedure

a. The quorum for Executive meetings is at least 3 (three) Executive Members.
b. The Treasurer will provide a report to the meeting of the Association's financial position.

## 14. Records

### 14.1. Register of Members

The Registrar shall keep an up-to-date Register of Members, recording for each Member their name, contact details, the date they became a Member, and any other information required by these Rules or prescribed by Regulations under the Act.

### 14.2. Contents of Register of Members

The information contained in the Register of Members shall include each Member's:
a. phone number (landline and/or mobile)
b. email address (if any)
c. whether the Member is financial or unfinancial

Every Member shall promptly advise the Registrar of any change of their contact details.

## 15.Finances

### 15.1. Control and management

The funds and property of the RVResidents shall be:
a. controlled, invested, and disposed of by the Executive, subject to these Rules, and
b. devoted solely to the promotion of the objects and purposes of the RVResidents.

### 15.2. Balance date

The RVResidents' financial year shall commence on 01 April of each year and end on 31 March (the latter date being the RVResidents' balance date).

## 16. Dispute resolution

### 16.1. Raising disputes

Any grievance by a Member, and any complaint by anyone, is to be lodged by the complainant with the Secretary in writing and must provide such details as are necessary to identify the details of the grievance or complaint. All Members (including the Executive) are obliged to cooperate to resolve disputes efficiently, fairly, and with minimum disruption to the RVResidents' activities.

The complainant raising a grievance or complaint, and the Executive, must consider and discuss whether a grievance or complaint may best be resolved through informal discussions, mediation or arbitration. Where mediation or arbitration is agreed on, the parties will sign a suitable mediation or arbitration agreement.

The resolution of all disputes must be conducted in a manner that is consistent with natural justice.

### 16.2. Investigating disputes

This rule concerns any grievances of members relating to their rights and interests as Members, and any complaints concerning the alleged conduct or discipline of members, collectively referred to as "disputes."

These disputes procedures are designed to enable and facilitate the fair, prompt and efficient resolution of grievances and complaints.

Rather than investigate and deal with any grievance or complaint, the Executive may:
a. appoint a sub-Executive to deal with the same, or
b. refer the same to an external arbitrator, arbitral tribunal, or external visitor (or referee), so long as minimum standards of natural justice and the following requirements under this rule are satisfied.
The Executive or any such sub-Executive or person considering any grievance or complaint is referred to hereafter as the "decision-maker".

The decision-maker:
a. shall consider whether to investigate and deal with the grievance or complaint, and
b. may decline to do so (for instance, if the decision-maker is satisfied that the complainant has insufficient interest in the matter or otherwise lacks standing to raise it; the matter is trivial or does not appear to disclose material misconduct or material; the matter raised appears to be without foundation or there is no apparent evidence to support it; some damage to Members' interests may arise; or the conduct, incident, event or issue has already been investigated and dealt with by the RVResidents).

Where the decision-maker decides to investigate and deal with a grievance, the following steps shall be taken:
a. The complainant and the Member, or the RVResidents which is the subject of the grievance, must be advised of all details of the grievance.
b. The Member, or the RVResidents which is the subject of the grievance, must be given an adequate time to prepare a response.
c. The complainant and the Member, or the RVResidents whichever is the subject of the grievance, must be given an adequate opportunity to be heard, either in writing or at an oral hearing if the decision-maker considers that an oral hearing is required.
d. Any oral hearing shall be held by the decision-maker, and/or any written statement or submissions shall be considered by the decision-maker.

Where the decision-maker decides to investigate and deal with a complaint, the following steps shall be taken:
a. The complainant and the Member complained against must be advised of all allegations concerning the Member, and all details of the complaint.
b. The Member complained against must be given an adequate time to prepare a response.
c. The Member complained against must be given an adequate opportunity to be heard, either in writing or at an oral hearing if the decision-maker considers that an oral hearing is required.
d. Any oral hearing shall be held by the decision-maker, and/or any written statement or submissions shall be considered by the decision-maker.

A Member may not make a decision on or participate as a decision-maker regarding a grievance or complaint, if two (2) or more Executive Members, or the decision-maker, consider that there are reasonable grounds to infer that the person may not approach the grievance or complaint impartially, or without a predetermined view. Such a decision must consider the context of the RVResidents and the particular case and may include consideration of facts known by the other Members about the decision-maker, so long as the decision is reasonably based on evidence that proves or disproves an inference that the decision-maker might not act impartially.

### 16.3. Resolving disputes

The decision-maker may:
a. dismiss a grievance or complaint, or
b. uphold a grievance and make such directions as the decision-maker thinks appropriate (with which the RVResidents and Members shall comply),
c. uphold a complaint and:
i. reprimand or admonish the Member, and/or
ii. suspend the Member from membership for a specified period, or terminate the Member's membership, and/or
iii. order the complainant (if a Member) or the Member complained against, to meet any of the RVResidents' reasonable costs in dealing with a complaint.

## 17.Winding up

### 17.1. Process

The RVResidents may be wound up, or liquidated, or removed from the Register of Incorporated Societies in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The Secretary shall give Notice to all Members of:
a. the proposed motion to wind up the RVResidents or remove it from the Register of Incorporated Societies, and
b. the General Meeting at which any such proposal is to be considered,
c. the reasons for the proposal, and
d. any recommendations from the Executive in respect to such notice of motion.

Any resolution to wind up the RVResidents or remove it from the Register of Incorporated Societies must be passed by a two-thirds majority of all Members present and voting.

### 17.2. Surplus assets

If the RVResidents is wound up, or liquidated, or removed from the Register of Incorporated Societies, no distribution shall be made to any Member, and if any property remains after the settlement of the RVResidents' debts and liabilities, that property must be given or transferred to another organisation for a similar charitable purpose or purposes as defined in section 5(1) of the Charities Act 2005.

## 18. Alterations to the Rules

### 18.1. Amending these Rules

The RVResidents may amend, add to or replace these Rules at a General Meeting by a resolution passed by a simple majority of those Members present and voting.

Any proposed motion to amend or replace these Rules shall be signed by at least fifteen (15) eligible Members or alternatively the Executive may propose a motion approved by $60 \%$ of the members serving on the Executive. The Proposed motion shall be given in writing to the Secretary at least (21) Working Days before the General Meeting at which the motion is to be considered and accompanied by a written explanation of the reasons for the proposal, provided that rule 17.2 Surplus Assets, may never be amended.

At least ten (10) Working Days before the General Meeting at which any amendment is to be considered the Secretary shall give to all Members notice of the proposed motion, the reasons for the proposal, and any recommendations the Executive has.

When an amendment is approved by a General Meeting it shall be notified to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies in the form and manner specified in the Act for registration and shall take effect from the date of registration.

When an amendment is approved by a General Meeting it shall be provided to Charities Services within 3 months of the date of the amendment.

### 18.1. Minor or technical amendments

Article 31 of the Incorporated Societies Act will apply should minor or technical amendments be required.

## 19. Other

### 19.1. Contact person

The RVResidents shall have at least one but no more than three contact person(s) whom the Registrar of Incorporated Societies or the Charities Commission can contact when needed.

The RVResidents' contact person must be:
a. At least 18 years of age, and
b. An Officer, and
c. Ordinarily resident in New Zealand, and
d. Not disqualified under the Act from holding that office, and
e. Include the Secretary

Any change in that contact person or that person's name or contact details shall be advised to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies within twenty (20) Working Days of that change occurring, or the RVResidents becoming aware of the change.

### 19.2. Bylaws

The Executive from time to time may make and amend bylaws, and policies for the conduct and control of RVResidents activities and codes of conduct applicable to Members, but no such bylaws, policies or codes of conduct applicable to Members shall be inconsistent with the Act, regulations made under the Act, or these Rules.

